

Chicago Meat Co.

NEW STORE
241-2 PLEASANT ST.

NEXT TO MARLBORO HOTEL.

Public Invited to Inspect Our New
and Modern Market.

THE HOUSE CLEANING SEASON

HAVING ARRIVED THE QUESTION NOW IS WHO
SHALL I GET TO DO MY PAINTING, PAPER
HANGING, WHITEWASHING, ETC.

J. HOWARD CROVER

Does excellent work and you will make no mistake by
calling on him. He guarantees satisfaction, and you will
find a complete stock of Wall Papers. Goods are all new
and prices are the lowest. Estimates furnished on all
kinds of work. Don't forget the place,

J. HOWARD CROVER

19 AUSTIN STREET.

Ladies Fur Capes

Repaired and Changed Over In The
Best Manner

And Also Made Stronger Than Ever At

JOHN S. TILTON'S,

18 Congress Street.

ALL WHO ARE

In a position to know acknowledge the excel-
lence of our work, and our prices are right.

LAWRENCE,

FINE TAILORING.

9 CONGRESS ST

Spring Opening At Moorcroft's

MARCH 30th and 31st and APRIL 1st,

Grand Display Of Trimmed Hats And Bonnets For Easter.

ALL ARE INVITED. NO CARDS.

Do not forget to examine our Spring Styles in Ladies' and Chil-
dren's Shoes. Dandy Styles and Low Prices.

PORTSMOUTH PEOPLE HAVE LEARNED THE FACT THAT
THE WINCHESTER

Is America's Greatest Heater For Water And Steam
The Most Prominent People Get Them.

Plumbing, Piping, Tin-Roofing, In Fact All In The Plumbing Line Done By

J. M. SMITH, High St.

PHYSICALLY DISQUALIFIED.

Col. Robert L. Meade, U. S. M. C.,
Fails to Pass.

A medical board has reported Lieut. Colonel R. L. Meade, U. S. M. C. physically unfit for promotion. It is understood that he will be allowed another examination. A large number of the second lieutenants who served during the war with Spain were turned down.

NO FIGHTING ON SUNDAY.

MANILA, Apr. 2, 6 30 P. M.—The American troops under General Arthur are still resting at Malolos. Everything quiet today. Occasional exchange of shots between insurgents and troops of General Hail. Most of the Americans are convinced that the backbone of the insurgent insurrection is broken. The Spaniards at Manila refuse to believe it. They say insurgents will attack the Americans again after the rainy season. The whole country between Malolos and Calocan is now full of families returning to their homes.

INCREASE OF WAGES AT SOMERSWORTH.

SOMERSWORTH, N. H.—The Great Falls Manufacturing company has posted a notice of increasing of wages of from 3 to 10 per cent to go into effect tomorrow. The wages schedule is a restoration of that of 1893. 2200 hands will be affected.

INTO RECEIVER'S HANDS.

KANSAS CITY, April 2.—A receiver ship for the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf rail road was asked for last night of Judge Phipson of the circuit court by a number of stockholders. Appreciation was granted. The president of the road denies knowledge of the receivership.

THE TURKS WANTED.

VIENNA, April 2.—A serious collision took place today between the Bulgarians and Turkish frontier guards. Rumanians and Adrianople. The Turks were repulsed.

THAT SETTLES IT.

PARIS, April 2.—Agonillo, agent of Aguinado, in an interview today says that the capture of Malolos is of no importance.

ANOTHER TRIBUTE TO WOODS

In a recent number of the Louisville Times there appeared the following tribute to Walter Woods, whom Manager Clarke of the Louisville leaguers considers a very valuable acquisition to his pitching staff:

"Woods, the Colonels' new pitcher, secured from Chicago in exchange for Louisville's claim to pitcher Taylor, of the Milwaukee, is the better man in every respect, in the opinion of those here who have seen both men pitch. Besides being a good pitcher he can play the in and outfield in a pinch. While with Chicago last year he pitched an unusually large number of extra inning games—four. He holds a record unequalled by any pitcher, past or present, in that he pitched three fourteen-inning games last season, one each against Cincinnati, Boston and Brooklyn. The other was an eleven-inning game against Pittsburg. This excellent pitcher began his career with Haverhill in 1895. The following season found him with Portland, Me. From there he went to Springfield, Mass., for the season of 1897. He did so well that Manager Burns, of the Chicago, signed him for the Orphans for the season of 1898. The above was accompanied by a very good likeness of the Portsmouth boy.

RAILROAD NOTES

The Boston and Maine railroad will reopen its gravel pit at Hampton today and the work of grading the track in this vicinity will be commenced at once.

Three cars containing soldiers of the First Maine artillery passed through this city on Sunday morning bound to Augusta and Waterville, Me. The men had been in camp in Georgia and were going home to be mustered out of the service.

Conductor Edmund Clark of the Portsmouth & Dover railroad was off duty on Saturday from the effects of a badly sprained ankle. He made a mile step the previous evening while his train was at Dover. Baggage-master John Small is officiating in his place.

TEA TABLE TALK.

Cloud of the morning time, rosy with splendor,
Let my soul speed with thee—far, far away—
And forget all its longings, its sorrows and shadows
In its flight through the purple and gold
Depths of day!

Aloft where the wondrous-fair arch of the
heavens
Hovers so solemnly above the blue sea,
Then let me go winging, my eyes clear with
laughter
My heart tuned to gladness, my throat sing-
ing free!

Clouds of the morning time, blooming with red-
den-
Drift down to the verge of the low-lying land
And take me upon the bright deck of thy aban-
don-
Then soar, dear afar at my gay soul's com-
mand!

A man will kick at buying his wife a
twenty-five cent hairpin holder down
town, and yet go to a church fair and
pay two dollars for the same thing.

"Genius," says John Foster, "lights
its own fire." The kitchen stove is
wholly without genius.

Mrs. Snipkins dusted her parlor Satur-
day, for the first time in four months;
got the old blue and white motto, "God
Bless Our Home," down from the attic;
covered the hole in the carpet with a
rug, and hung some new shades in the
windows. She's expecting a call from
the new neighbor.

Some men will walk two miles through
a swamp to a river, sit doubled up like
a bull frog, on a stone, from early morn-
ing until dark, with a hot sun drawing
the perspiration out through every pore
of their bodies, and not get a solitary
bite; then limp home and tell what fun
it is to go fishing. And these same chaps
will make their wives shovel all the
paths in winter, because they've got a
weak back."

The cable says that the editor of one
of the English comic papers has just
been discharged for accidentally pub-
lishing a joke.

The aphorism, "The great absorbs
the little," won't apply to the case of
the little pickaninny and the biggest
melon in the patch.

"The piano tuner was at our house
Saturday," said Jorkins, "for about two
hours, and after he had gone Mrs. Biff
ran over and said that she always en-
joyed hearing our Sarah play those Wag-
nerian airs. A coldness now exists be-
tween Mrs. Jorkins and Mrs. Biff."

Sometimes the crepe on the door of a
swell New York residence is for the pug
dog that has passed away, from eating
too much fruit cake.

One man has succeeded in extracting
pleasure from wedded life. He married
a woman who is dumb.

Brown has no use for burglar alarms,
and he has never lost anything from his
house. He simply strews snap matches
up and down the stairs, just before re-
tiring.

The contest for the street commis-
sioner's berth will be resumed this week.
Meanwhile, the streets are taking care
of themselves. It is time for this child-
ish haggling over the office to stop. If
the city fathers are capable of coping
with the issue, they will settle the thing
at their very next meeting and not let
it drag along any further.

Soon the Cycle club boys will be lay-
ing plans for their weekly runs. New
baryport will probably be as popular a
goal this season as it has been in the
past.

WARD AND VOKES

One of the specialty features of Ward
and Vokes, "The Governors," is an act
by the gentlemen of the company called
"The Heroes." It shows Dewey, Samp-
son, Schley, Hobson and other naval
celebrities impersonated by different
members of the company, each one
made up to look exactly like one of the
great naval heroes. A song is sung in
which each impersonator has a verse ap-
propriate to his deeds during the late
unpleasantness. It is said to be very
cleverly executed and as the well
known form and features of each
are recognized his reception is enthusi-
astic. Admiral Dewey seems to be the
favorite for when his countenance ap-
pears on the stage the entire audience
demonstrates clearly their great admi-
ration for the hero of Manila. At Music
hall Thursday evening, April 6.

KITTEERY.

KITTEERY, APR. 3.

The Rev. E. C. Hall, the pastor of the
2d Christian church, occupied the pulpit
yesterday and at the morning service de-
livered a very interesting sermon, which
made a good impression upon his
hearers.

Stephen S. Paul was at home from
Brookton to spend Sunday with re-
latives.

Mr. Nathan Junkins and wife have
arrived home from an extended pleasure
trip in the South.

Forest Moore is to move his family
from Luther Goodsoe's house into the
Joseph Jenkins house at Sheppard hill.

Mr. George Geunthener of Charles-
town passed Sunday in town, the guest
of Josiah M. Cobb and wife, Pleasant
street.

Edwin A. Williams was down from
Salem to spend Sunday with his parents,
George Williams and wife.

The condition of Mrs. D. A. Hill re-
mains very precarious.
The regular monthly test of the ap-
paratus at the navy yard was given Sat-
urday.

Miss Alice Locke of Smith's college is
passing her vacation with her grand-
mother, Mrs. Ann Neal.

Mrs. F. E. Dodge returned Sunday
from a visit with relatives in Bath. She
was accompanied by her sister, Miss
Letta Synnott, who will make her an ex-
tended visit.

Miss Bertha Hatch of North Kittery
has been the guest of Miss Mollie Stev-
ens for a few days.

Ozro Smart of Dover passed Sunday
in town with relatives.

"The Balm of Gilead buds are bursting
and the small boy is turning an honest
penny by gathering them for medical
purposes."

Fred Noyes of Boston passed the
Sabbath with his family in town.

Albert L. Moulton of North Kittery
has given up collecting milk for the
Hood company of Lynn.

The contractor is getting things into
shape so as to commence work upon the
Gerrish Island fortification just as soon
as the frost gets out of the ground.

Stillman Bowden has worked up a
good route for the sale of the New York
Sunday papers. This is a great ac-
commodation to Kittery people.

Tenements are very scarce in this vil-
lage at the present time.

John R. Remick has returned from
Providence, R. I., and resumed his busi-
ness.

A large flock of geese apparently very
tired, were seen at Bra' Boat harbor on
Saturday, where they remained all
day.

A number from this town attended
the beautiful Easter service at the
North church in Portsmouth yesterday.
Granville O. Berry of the Point
passed the Sabbath with friends in
Kennebunk.

Regular meeting of Riverside lodge, I.
O. O. F., this evening.

At the next meeting of York Rebekah
lodge next Saturday evening, several
new members will be initiated.

The school of instruction of the
Knights of Pythias will be held in this
town on May 2d.

At the next regular meeting of E. G.
Parker Post, No. 99, G. A. R., next
Thursday evening all members are re-
quested to be present as business of im-
portance is to come before the meeting.

Our churches were largely attended
Sunday at both the morning and evening
services.

YORK.

All the houses of worship held large
congregations, and Easter was observed
in an appropriate manner. Special mu-
sic was sung by choirs enlarged and
specially drilled for the occasion, and
eloquent addresses were delivered by
the respective pastors of the different
churches. The floral decorations were
unusually fine and the fragrant and
beautiful lilies, massed in such lavish
profusion about the altar and chancel
served to enhance the impressions of
the Easter service. The sweet children's
carol, followed by the "Alleluia" of
the choir made the day one of especial
interest.

The Ladies' Circle will meet Tuesday
in the chapel. Supper will be served at
6 o'clock by Mrs. J. Howard Junkins and
Miss Theodora Barrell. Literary enter-
tainment will be prepared by Mrs. E. C.
Moody and Mrs. W. L. Grant.

Places are very plenty and anglers of
both sexes are seen every day on the
piers and wharfs.

The mud is rapidly drying up and
bicycling will soon be good.

Rev. E. O. Phayer, presiding elder of
the Portland district, occupied the pul-
pit of the Methodist church on Sunday
evening.

Mrs. G. W. S. Putnam is seriously ill.
A large number from this town at-
tended church in Portsmouth yesterday.

Miss Lucille Smith is visiting in Ogun-
quit.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CLUB NOTES.

Warner Club.

The whist tournament of the Warner
Whist club is finished and the results
are as follows: Taylor and Shapleigh
18 games, average .894; Farber and
Locke, 18, .825; Holmes and Oldfield,
18, .825; Chick and Edson, 18, .856;
Green and Kennedy, 18, .807; Drake and
Young, 18, .786; Graham and Downing,
18, .757.

CHESLEY'S CASH GROCERY
STORES, 65 CONGRESS AND
44 MARKET STREETS.

Our new store at 65 Congress street
is now ready for inspection with a full
line of fancy groceries and fruits at the
usual low prices.

We shall continue to sell our 12 cent
coffee at both stores.

Eggs fresh every day from Mr. Ches-
ley's own henry and nearby farms.

New Bermuda onions.

Fresh potato chips every day.

Fine plain and sage cheese.

For a full line of luxuries: Comb
honey, fruit and nuts, choice table ap-
ples, Cape Cod cranberries, cranberry
beans, and all kinds of choice dried
fruits.

Call and examine our stock.

BETWEEN ACTS.

A fine picture of Miss Alice Johnson,
who was here last week with Della Fox's
company, graces the theatrical section
of the April Munsey's.

Ward and Vokes have a host of friends
in this city who are all interested to
learn what sort of a piece their new one
is, and when they bring "The Govern-
ment's" here next Thursday evening they
are certain to be greeted by a large
house.

John C. Slavin, who made so much
merriment in "The Little Host," as the
erratic German, has left that company
to assume a new part elsewhere.

GREENLAND

Miss Edith E. Rand of Roxbury, Mass.,
is spending a short vacation with her
uncle, Mr. Frank W. Rand, and wife.

Mrs. Archie Crowell is in Covei today.

The ladies of the Methodist church
will hold a social at Miss Sarah Mann's
on Thursday evening.

Charles L. Downing, night telegraph
operator at Greenland, is spending the
day in this city.

Mr. Frank W. Rand spent the day in
town.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTIONS.

The following officers of the Marine
Corps have been promoted to the rank
named: G. C. Reid, adjutant and in-
spector, Major C. L. McCauley, assis-
tant quartermaster; Col. G. C. Goodloe,
paymaster; Col. F. L. Denham, quar-
termaster. Col. P. C. Pope, Lieut. Col. F.
H. Harrington, Capt. Z. C. G. Long,
Capt. H. L. Draper, Major G. F. Elliott,
Capt. J. H. Russel, Capt. B. H. Fuller,
Capt. A. R. Davis.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness
of the skin of any sort, instantly re-
lieved, permanently cured. Doan's
Ointment. At any drug store.

Advertise Your Bowels With Castor Oil.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever.
10c. 25c. If C. C. C. full, druggists refund money.

ROCKINGHAM COUNTY OFFI-
CERS.

The new officers of Rockingham county,
qualified at Exeter on Saturday before
Clerk of Court Charles H. Knight are:

Sheriff—John Pender, Portsmouth.
Solicitor—Louis G. Hoyt, Kingston.
Treasurer—W. H. C. Follansby, Exe-
ter.

Register of Deeds—William Merrill,
Exeter.

Register of Probate—George F. Rich-
ards, Exeter.

Commissioners—Washington Colby,
Londonderry; Louis L. deRochemont,
Newington; George W. Paul, Newfields.
Auditors—Greenleaf K. Bartlett, Derry;
Samuel B. Gardner, Portsmouth.

The county commissioners organized
with Washington Colby as chairman
and L. L. deRochemont, clerk.

Henry Bean was reappointed superin-
tendent of the county farm at Brent-
wood.

STEAMSHIP NORTH AMERICAN
DOCKED HERE IN 1887.

The following list of news appeared in
the Marine Journal of New York on
Saturday which will prove of local in-
terest:

"A correction to the list of disas-
ters to the Allen steamship line as pub-
lished in our last issue is furnished by
Naval Constructor F. L. Perrell,
U. S. N., retired, now in this city. The
steamship North American also went
ashore near Cape Sable; he says, in the
winter of 1857, stove her bow in and
filled her forward compartment. She
was floated and taken to the Port-
smouth, N. H., navy yard, where Mr.
Perrell was attached, and was repaired
there, but having no facilities for re-
pairing iron vessels at that time
they were obliged to put her in dry
dock and sheathe her bow with plank,
after which she safely crossed the ocean
again to her home port."

Incompatible.
Mr. Dukane—Why did your wife
change physicians? I thought that she
was satisfied with Dr. Tabler's profes-
sional skill.

Mr. Gaswell—She was satisfied as
far as his professional skill was con-
cerned, but he rode a different make
wheel from here, and his calls were
mostly occupied by a defense of his
favorite—Pittsburg Chronicle Tele-
graph.

"They're After Me,"



But they'll never catch up. A steam engine
couldn't catch me, because I ride a **MATHIE**
AL BICYCLE. I bought it of

F. B. PARSHLEY & CO.,
16 CONGRESS ST.

BETTER CALL AND SEE 'EM.

LARGEST STOCK OF
Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes

In the City—Exeter and Black.

WE carry none but the best grades
for the price:

Men's.....from \$1.25 to \$4.50
Ladies....." 1.00 " 3.50
Boys....." 1.00 " 2.50

"Queen Quality"—We have
an American shoe of superior
quality at a price that will
superior foot wear at a moderate price.
Hutton and Lane, from the Boston
store, most suitable for heavy and
show.

C. FRED DUNN
107 ON THE CORNER

FRANCISCO SILVELA.

Chosen by the Spanish Queen Regent to Form a Cabinet.

Will Be Head of the Government, at Least Until the End of April, When a New Chamber of Deputies Is to Be Elected.

Senor Don Francisco Silvela, to whom the queen regent of Spain has intrusted the task of constructing a cabinet to succeed the liberal ministry


of Senor Sagasta, has been since the death of Canovas del Castillo the foremost Spanish conservative. During the last Canovas ministry he was not in sympathy with the government on important points.

At a meeting of the Conservative club in Madrid on January 7 last Senor Silveira confirmed the reported cabinet agreement between himself and Gen. Polavieja. He censured Senor Sagasta's policy in Cuba, his conduct of the war with the United States, and declared that the cortes was morally dissolved and Sagasta's fall imminent. He advocated a tax on all personal property, an increase of indirect taxation, large economies in pensions, maintenance of the concordat with the vatican, and a reorganization of the administration of justice to free it from politics.

He favored also electoral reforms and the establishment of a ministry of public works and commerce, controlling posts and telegraphs, and urged the need of a powerful impulse for the country's industrial resources. He said Spain's geographical position precluded her becoming a country governed by foreigners, and therefore contended for reorganization of the army and navy to defend the country in case

of necessity. He said he did not believe Senor Sagasta desired to retain office.

Senor Silveira was minister of foreign affairs in 1877. He became Spanish minister to France in February, 1884. He is regarded as one of Spain's most eloquent orators. In June, 1897, he declared that the Canovas ministry



FRANCISCO SILVEIRA.
(Head of the New Ministry Just Formed in Spain.)

had signed the death warrant of parliamentary government, and he earnestly advocated an investigation into

the affairs of Cuba, the creation of a colonial army, development of the island's material interest and reform of its administration. He expressed the opinion that it was absolutely necessary for Spain to abandon her policy of political isolation. He was then leader of a group known as the dissident conservatives.

Soon afterward, in the same month, he issued a manifesto demanding "an urgent attitude toward the United States in Cuba and attacking Premier Canovas' scheme of reform, as well as the autonomy proposed by the liberals. On September 18, 1898, he vigorously attacked Sagasta, announcing that the premier must inevitably fall when the peace treaty was signed.

In an interview April 14, 1898, Senor Silvea maintained that Spain had

made every concession in favor of peace consistent with national honor, and advocated arbitration. "If the Spanish government is ready," he said, "to submit all pending questions, including the Maine, to the European powers for the appointment of an arbitrator—the pope or another—my party will give them ungrudging support. The conservative party is in complete accord with the government's efforts to maintain unstained the honor of Spain and preserve peace if possible."

Some Curious Horsemen.

In Japan most of the horses are shod with straw. Even the clumsiest of horses wear straw shoes, which, in their cases, are tied around the huckle with straw rope and are made of the ordinary rice straw, braided so as to form a sole for the foot about half an inch thick and colored bright red.

thick. These soles cost about a halfpenny a pair. In Iceland horses are shod with sheep's horn. In the valley of the Upper Oxus the antlers of the mountain deer are used for the same purpose, the shoes being fastened with horn pins. In the Soudan the horses are shod with socks made of camel's skin. In Australia horse shoes are made of cowhide. A German who long ago invented a horse shoe of paper prepared by saturating with oil turpentine and other ingredients. This layers of such paper are glued to the hoof till the requisite thickness is attained, and the shoe thus made is durable and impenetrable by moisture.

French Divorce Laws.

France has now a law by which marriage may be dissolved without court by the applicants. The Paris divorce court devotes Thursdays to gratuitous decrees. On one day recently 29

couples were divorced during a session of four hours, an average of more than one divorce a minute. The applicants belonged to the working class and which divorces were infrequent before the passage of the law.

A CITY OF GLOOM.

People Leave London and Its Stores Are Closed.

EASTER EXODUS IS THE CAUSE.

London Easter Festivities to Be a Grand One. Large Number of Americans Have Taken Homes—Indecent Exposure—Unpleasant Incident at the Riviera—Other Foreign Scandals.

London, April 2.—The Easter holidays opened wet and dull. Most of the people who can are leaving town, and many houses of business will remain closed from Thursday to Tuesday, making London a city of gloom.

The London season, which officially begins tomorrow, promises to be a really good one. Not for years have so many large houses been occupied by their owners, while the general commercial prosperity and the fortunes made on the Stock Exchange, in which the aristocracy has participated, promise to provide the wherewithal for lavish entertainments, which for years have been lacking. The feature of the season will be the large number of Americans who have taken homes.

Practically everybody who is in, or who hopes to be in, fashionable society is out of town for Easter. Mr. Joseph H. Choate, the United States Ambassador, and Mrs. Choate have gone to Brighton. Mr. Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. White remain in town on account of Mrs. White's illness. Mr. J. R. Carter, second secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Carter have gone to their country house, and Mr. Spencer Eddy, third secretary of the United States embassy, is in Paris. Mr. and Mrs. Langhorne Tree of Chicago, who have spent the winter on the Riviera, returned to England this week and are now at their own place in Warwickshire. Judge Tree will return home on April 8 or April 22. Mrs. Tree remains in England. Senator Lodge arrived this week and proceeded to Paris.

Influenza is still upsetting many social engagements. Mr. Gilbert Parker had a distinguished company assemble to meet Mr. Choate on Monday night, but late in the afternoon word came that both the ambassador and his wife were suffering from influenza.

The speaker thinks the season opens with an omen, and says: "A decade ago who would have believed it possible for an Earl of Warwick to convert his prestige and estates into a limited liability company? The negotiation is typical of the change coming over the habits of the upper classes. It cannot be said that their houses are their homes. In the reason, if they are wealthy, they dwell in their own houses; but these houses are never their homes. A man and wife in the upper class are never really in a home now. If they are not dining out, their house is full."

In Paris holy week brought crowds of foreign visitors. The hotels there are fuller than they have been since the race for the Grand Prix. The Maundy Thursday ceremonies were carried out with great splendor at Notre Dame cathedral and at the Madeleine and the larger churches. Cardinal Robert, Archbishop of Paris, presided at the chapter, after washing their feet, served a number of aged people with a Lenten repast. Crowds have visited the altars and the great reliquaries of Notre Dame. At the theaters tonight the subjects are mostly Scriptural.

The Riviera is fuller than at any time this year, and members of royal families are to be seen on all sides. The Princess Louise is visiting Lady Waterbury, an American, at her villa at Cannes this week.

There was a decidedly unpleasant incident in connection with the queen's visit to the Riviera. A boat from the royal yacht Osborne was sent ashore at Villefranche and three of her crew entered a cafe full of Frenchmen, who set upon them. The sailors retreated to the quay amid volleys of stones and were obliged to swim to their boat. Several of the boat's crew were injured. The captain of the queen's guardship complained to the commander of the French squadron, who apologized. But the affair has left bad blood between the sailors of the two squadrons and has extremely annoyed the queen.

Her majesty had an amusing encounter during the week. While driving on the St. Juan road she overtook a beggar, one of the features of the district, who drives a cart drawn by two big St. Bernard dogs. The beggar, who was a Frenchman, begged alms, and the queen, who was in the mood of the district, gave him a gold coin. The beggar, who was a Frenchman, begged alms, and the queen, who was in the mood of the district, gave him a gold coin.

One of the events of the London week was the quaint and ancient ceremony of the distribution of the royal maundy, at Westminster Abbey, on Thursday last. The custom was instituted by Edward I in 1131, and has survived up to the present in giving alms, food and clothing to the poor. Before Good Friday, to as many aged people as the reigning monarch is years old. This year it is 80. The bishop of Ely officiated. A picturesque procession was formed in the nave, and passed into the choir, the beads of the Abbey bearing the mace, leading the procession. Then came four children of the chapel royal, dressed in white, the children of the royal almoner in scarlet and gold, the choir singers, the clergymen in black robes, the canons, and, finally, women of the guard in medieval costume, bearing halberds, one of them carrying a dish upon which were the royal arms. Then came the queen, and the lord high almoner distributed the alms in white purses with red and white streamers, containing several pounds, and purses containing as many pennies as the queen is years of age.

Today publishes an article devoted to argument against the Duke of Marlborough's claim to princely rank, and claiming to correct the alleged mistake of the American newspapers on this subject. The writer claims to have investi-

YES OR NO.

Portsmouth People are Respectfully Asked to Answer These Questions.

Is there anything in the evidence of one's senses? Can the reader dispute and then disprove local evidence? Can reliance be placed upon statements from people we know? Are the opinions of residents of Portsmouth of any greater moment than opinions held by residents of Malice and Michigan?

Would you sooner believe people living in these states than those in your own city?

Answer these questions honestly after you have quietly read the following: Mr. Lemuel White of 36 Bridge street, at one time conductor on the B. & M. R. R., now engaged at the sedentary occupation of superintending the hauling of shoes says: "I had something wrong with my kidneys for a long time. I tried to get it right, but it was no use. I was in a shoe factory and I had to use one foot on the pedal of my machine, while standing on the other, and it was very fatiguing. At first there were pains and aches in the small of my back, then annoyance from the kidney secretions set in and broke my rest at night. I was oppressed with languor and loss of energy. I thought from reading notices about Doan's Kidney Pills they might help me and I procured a box at Phillips' pharmacy. They acted on my kidneys right away. The urinary difficulty was first removed. When on my second box I could sit comfortably and read my paper of an evening without experiencing that jerking of the limbs that every other remedy had failed to stop. I am confident that a better remedy does not exist."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

FOR LYNNING.

Fifteen Prominent South Carolinians Will Be Put on Trial.

Charleston, S. C., April 2.—Fifteen prominent citizens of Lake City, S. C., will be put on trial here in the United States circuit court this week to answer the charge of having lynched Postmaster Cramer B. Baker, more than a year ago. Besides killing the postmaster, who was a negro, the alleged lynchers will have to answer for the killing of Baker's infant child and the burning of the Lake City postoffice with all its effects. It is said here that other arrests will be made before the case is taken up. The indictment will go to the grand jury, and the hearing will begin at once. Eighty witnesses for the government have been summoned, and there is a great array of witnesses for the defense.

BONDS LIQUIDATED.

City of Bangor Released of a Heavy Debt by Saturday's Transaction.

Bangor, Me., April 2.—One of the most important railroad transactions in the history of Maine, involving the liquidation of bonds to the amount of \$1,225,000 and the release of the city of Bangor from a bonded debt of \$825,000, was completed Saturday. In this connection the long-famous Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad company will cease to exist.

The Bangor and Piscataquis railroad was begun in 1869, and, first reaching from Oldtown to Dover, was at different times extended to Guilford, Blanchard, and, finally, in 1883, to Greenville, at the foot of Moosehead lake. In 1892 the road passed to the control of the Bangor and Arrostook Railroad company by lease, and now, by the terms of a recent contract with the city of Bangor, the principal bondholder, the road becomes the property of the Bangor and Arrostook Railroad company.

To aid in the construction of the Bangor and Piscataquis railroad, the city of Bangor loaned its credit to the extent of \$250,000, that is, the city issued and turned over to the railroad company municipal bonds to that amount, taking as collateral the bonds of the railroad company to an equal amount. From the proceeds of the sale of the city bonds a good part of the money was raised with which the railroad was built.

Now the Bangor and Arrostook company takes up the Bangor and Piscataquis bonds held by the city as collateral for the city bonds, makes the city free up its own bonds. The Bangor and Arrostook company also, take up the \$300,000 in bonds issued to build the extension from Blanchard to Moosehead lake, making a total of \$1,225,000 in bonds liquidated. The extension bonds referred to are held mostly by individual firms.

PENSION CHANGES.

Names of New England Men and Women Added to the Roll.

Washington, April 2.—The following pension changes resulting from the issue of March 21 are announced: Maine—Original, Zenas T. Haines, Winthrop, \$12. Additional, Francis K. Foster, Saco, \$5 to \$10. Increase, Alfred Walker, Portland, \$5 to \$8. Alexander Ryer, son of Dr. Haines, Kennebunk, \$5 to \$8. James D. Murch, Saco, \$5 to \$12. Vermont—Original, Henry A. Kilburn, Newfane, \$5. Calvin Bassett, Barre, \$5. Joseph Thorne, Waterbury, \$10. Restoration and increase, Buzzell S. Benjamin, dead, Plainfield, \$12 to \$22. Increase, Orson Kenyon, Hinesboro, \$16 to \$24.

HOPE FOR THE NORSEMAN.

Marblehead, Mass., April 2.—The steam pumps were put at work on the steamer Norseman Saturday morning in the endeavor to draw water forward holds from the water. Stevedores were still busy taking out the coal, and 22 additional ship-carpenters were busy, with the others vigorously engaged, in making the necessary changes inside the vessel. Captain Humphreys of the Boston Towboat company, who is in charge of the wrecking operations, stated that it seemed more probable that the vessel would be floated. The divers have carefully inspected the bottom as far as they have been able to do under present conditions, and from the appearances inside the hull it seems likely that the holes can be stopped sufficiently to enable the vessel to reach a dock.

GIFT TO HARVARD.

Cambridge, Mass., April 2.—Harvard College corporation has received from Mrs. Frederick T. Phillips of Lawrence, E. I., the sum of \$5000, to establish a fund to be known as the Kenneth Matheson Taylor fund; the income to be expended annually in the purchase of books for the college library, to increase its efficiency, so far as may be possible, in the department of English literature. This fund is given in memory of the donor's brother, Kenneth Matheson Taylor, of the class of 1889, who lost his life during his vacation in the fall of 1895, while hunting in Maine.

MAY BE LONG WAR.

Officials Are Disappointed at Escape of Aguinaldo.

HOPED TO CRUSH THE REBELLION.

Capture of Malolos Now but Beginning of the End—Our Troops in That City are Now Resting and Reconstituting—Otis Cables He is Preparing for Another Active Campaign.

Washington, April 2.—Although the administration was glad to learn that General Otis had taken the rebel capital, Malolos, it was filled with disappointment at the apparently successful retreat of the rebel army, which followed Aguinaldo and his so-called cabinet to the northward. It has been confidently hoped, and even expected, that the rebellion would be crushed when Malolos was taken, and that Aguinaldo and his army would be captured with it, and it is very disappointing to have the rebel chieftain and his army escape once more, so that Malolos is not the end, but only the beginning of the end.

Apparently Aguinaldo's army has not been dispersed, even though there are many desertions from it, and unless the actual occupation of Malolos breaks his army into small units, his power, his prestige, and therefore his power, his army will face the American army and fight again.

Unless General Otis can surround the rebel army, it seems as though the contest may go on indefinitely, and with the rebels still operating around Manila itself, General Otis must wait for reinforcements before attempting to interpose another army in the rear of the rebels, by transporting it north of Manila bay, but apparently he cannot do this now.

The rainy season does not begin until the 1st of June, so General Otis has two months in which to continue his operations, and it is possible that before that time he may administer a decisive defeat to the rebel army, if the rebels do not surrender.

The administration is very desirous to end the bloodshed in the Philippines, and will be very glad if the Philippine commission could find a way to impress the rebels with the advantages of laying down their arms and accepting peace.

If they do not surrender, and General Otis is not able to bring them to a decisive battle before the rainy season begins, it is admitted that he will have to wait until the rainy season is over before any effective work can be done in the island, so that the warfare may go on in the fall again.

In that event, President McKinley would have to call for the additional 25,000 volunteers to relieve the volunteer regiments now in the Philippines, or to do substitute duty for regular regiments that will be needed there.

If the rebel forces do not hold together, but scatter to the mountains, Aguinaldo can keep up a guerrilla warfare for a long time to come, and this is what is most feared at the war department, even though, with no organized enemy to fight, General Otis would be justified in claiming that a sense of military occupation of the island was complete. It is proposed in case the rebels do turn into guerrillas to employ other natives to fight them.

Manila, April 2.—The American forces commanded by General MacArthur are resting at Malolos. The men are in good condition, considering the fatigues of the campaign. The plans of the rebels, if they have any, are very confidential. Considerable rebel forces have been collected along the fronts of General Lawton and General Hall, who are holding the line from the waterworks to Larena. There is shooting nightly along the line, apparently for the purpose of breaking the Americans' sleep. Consequently, General Lawton has detailed five sharpshooters from each company to attend to those of the rebels; and the Americans are picking off numbers of the enemy.

It is reported that 300 rebels under Pilar are concentrated at Cainta and Taytay. General King Saturday morning sent out a reconnoitering party of two companies of the North Dakota Regiment, and a brisk engagement followed, during which seven Filipinos were killed. On the American side a lieutenant and two privates were wounded.

The death of Lieutenant Gregg of the Fourth infantry, who was killed near the Manila water works Friday, has deeply affected the army, as he was one of the most popular of the young officers. His funeral took place Saturday.

Washington, April 2.—The following was received at 6:43 Saturday morning: Adjutant General, Manila, April 1, 1899. Quiet prevails. Have directed troops at Malolos and on railroad on reconnoitering duty. Find insurgents only in small portions of surrounding country, who retire on approach of our troops. Few of our troops moving to a new position. Preparing for a continued active campaign. Army in excellent spirits. Otis.

Washington, April 2.—A cable message was received from Admiral Dewey yesterday announcing the arrival at Manila of the Celtic, a naval store ship.

Washington, April 2.—The following was received at the war department Saturday: Havana, March 31. Adjutant General, Washington. Death report, 30th. Puerto Principe: Sergeant E. P. Roe, company E, Eighth Cavalry, typhoid. Camp Columbia, Havana: Corporal Wm. J. Rudisell, company C, Forty-ninth Iowa, 28th, typhoid. Robert McKay, company L, Second South Carolina, typhoid. Santiago: Jas. Patton, company G, Eighth Illinois, 20th, typhoid-pneumonia. William Farth, company A, Second volunteers, dysentery. Brooke.

TWO BODIES IDENTIFIED.

New York, April 2.—The two bodies found in the ruins of the Windsor hotel during a recent night were Saturday positively identified as those of Miss Dora Hoffman of Baltimore and of Mrs. M. A. Auzan. The latter was an intimate friend of Miss Hoffman.

UNDERSTANDING REACHED.

Full Solution of Samoan Difficulty Is No Longer in Doubt.

Berlin, April 2.—The correspondent here of the Associated Press learned authoritatively that after the acting minister of foreign affairs, Baron von Richtofen, had been closeted with the emperor Saturday, the United States ambassador, Mr. Andrew D. White, passed an hour at the foreign office.

It is generally believed that an understanding has been reached which is likely to bring about an amicable and satisfactory solution of the whole Samoan difficulty.

It is understood that while the United States and Great Britain have steadily declined to accept Germany's two previous proposals, a new one has been accepted by all three powers.

According to a high German official, the American explanations have been found satisfactory, and the accepted proposal "consists in sending a commission of investigation to Samoa."

CHINESE MAGICIAN.

Chinese Magician, Chin Ling Foo, Sent Home at the Government's Request.

Chicago, April 2.—Chin Ling Foo, the Chinese magician, who is playing at a local theatre, will start back to China in the custody of a United States officer.

Chin came to America by special permission of the Emperor of China several months ago, to appear at the Omaha exposition, and the United States government agreed to send him back whenever the emperor should demand him. The request for Chin's return was cabled to Washington, Friday, and Secretary of the Treasury Gage at once notified Charles A. Stone, the Chinese inspector in Chicago, to take the magician into custody.

Inspector Stone will accompany Foo and his party, consisting of his wife and child, an interpreter and a servant, to San Francisco, where they will be given into the charge of an agent of the Chinese government.

SUNK IN THE CHANNEL.

German Steamer Pontos Rug Down by the Star of New Zealand.

Dover, Eng., April 2.—The German steamer Pontos, from Rosario about Feb. 24, has been sunk in the channel after being in collision with the British steamer Star of New Zealand, which arrived at London on Feb. 23 from Wellington, N. Z., and which was outward bound. The boats of the Star of New Zealand were stove in, and she is returning to London. The Pontos had on board a cargo of cattle, 1000 sheep, and a quantity of wheat.

It appears that the Star of New Zealand ran into the Pontos during the darkness of the early morning, striking her amidships. Twelve seamen who left the German steamer in a boat were picked up exhausted and have been landed here. The captain and 19 of the crew have been landed at Hastings.

A large up-channel steamer has signalled that she has rescued 12 of the crew and six passengers of the Pontos. Thus all the crew, numbering 50 men, and all the passengers of the sunken steamer have been rescued.

ARBITRATION STANDS.

Washington, April 1.—Solicitor Penfield of the state department has been studying the decision of the court of cassation at Rome, delivered Feb. 4. In the case of Isaac and Samuel Ernesto Cerruti. The result of that case heretofore has been given, but Mr. Penfield has found in it an interesting point in international law. The court holds emphatically that the decision of a nation can settle the dispute of an international arbitration. An arbitration by nations is higher than that of any internal court. The court of cassation decides that the award pronounced by a court of arbitration is a law in itself and excludes the provision of the internal laws of the two states who effected the compromise from appeal. Here the rules of private right cannot be applied to international treaties. The amounts awarded and fixed must stand and no matter how much aggrieved either party may be or the private party in interest, no court of either state can change the decision.

HANDICAPPERS APPOINTED.

Chicago, April 2.—The following announcement was made Saturday by Chairman Fred Gerlach of the L. A. W. racing board: By vote of the racing board the following have been appointed handicappers: Charles H. Norwood of Paterson for New Jersey; A. P. Powell of Philadelphia for Pennsylvania; T. F. Myler, Pittsburg, for Pennsylvania; A. D. Smith, St. Paul, for Minnesota; George L. McCarthy, New York, for New York; J. E. Olinger, Salina, for Kansas; J. C. Kerrison, Boston, for Massachusetts; Connecticut and Rhode Island.

This is the first time on record that the federal government has come into the south to take up a lynching trial. The murder of Baker was probably the most brutal crime known in the history of the state. Baker was appointed postmaster at Lake City, and before he took charge of the office he was warned to keep away. He refused, and an attempt was made to kill him soon after his commission was received. This failed, and then a regular band was organized to put him out of the way.

FIRE IN STEAMERS HOLD.

Portland, Me., April 2.—An alarm of fire Saturday morning called the department to the Grand Trunk wharves to extinguish a fire in the hold of the Allan line steamer Numidia. A spark from a "longshoreman's pipe ignited the baled hay, which had just been placed in No. 2 hatch for cattle feed. The damage was caused by smoke and water and was confined entirely to the hay, 122 bales of which were condemned. The loss will not exceed \$150. The ship and cargo were uninjured and she sailed for Liverpool as intended in the afternoon.

A FUGITIVE EXPEDITION.

Berlin, April 1.—It is learned that a punitive expedition, consisting of 120 men, is to be sent to Yi-Chen, in the province of Shan-Tung, that place being, it appears, the seat of the recent disturbances. It is added that Yi-Chen will be provisionally seized, although there is no intention of annexing it.

WITH OPEN HANDS.

People of Rhode Island Greet Returning Volunteers.

DEMONSTRATION AT PROVIDENCE.

Regiment Returns After Ten Months' Service—It Is Reviewed by State and City Officials—Address of Welcome by the Governor—Parade Through the Streets Filled With Shouting Thousands.

Providence, April 2.—The First Rhode Island regiment arrived here shortly after 9 o'clock Saturday morning on the steamer Rhode Island from Jersey City after an uneventful trip. Many thousands of relatives and friends had gathered at the wharf to greet and meet the gallant soldiers, but were kept within bounds by a large force of police detailed for the occasion.

The parade started at 10:30 and was through the principal streets of the city. At City Hall the line was reviewed by Governor Dyer, Mayor Baker and other prominent state and city officials, and the Dexter training grounds the regimental colors were formally turned over to the state after a welcome address by Governor Dyer and a touching response by Colonel Abbott. A complimentary dress parade was then tendered the governor by the regiment, and the 20,000 people gathered about the grounds cheered themselves hoarse.

The day assed off without incident, the men after the regiment was dismissed going quietly to their homes, where other receptions no less hearty awaited them. The booming of cannon at 9:55 o'clock and the sharp toots of whistles announced to the waiting throngs along the route of the procession that the boat had arrived at the dock, and the moments seemed like hours until the head of the column was seen turning into Market square from North Main street.

When the boat arrived at the dock, but few moments were lost in transferring the baggage to the wagons in waiting. The regiment disembarked in a most orderly manner. Quartermaster General Walker had made all the arrangements to supply the men with the rifles, and it is owing to the efficiency of the detail in charge that no trouble was experienced in fitting the men out. Everything worked like a charm, and the procession was started some little time before the advertised hour. Had the arrival of the boat at the dock been an hour later, it would have been almost impossible to control the crowd at the docks.

When the word was given to "Forward, March!" there ascended a mighty shout from the people outside of the barricade, and as the head of the column swung into South Main street, the soldier boys received a taste of what was in store for them in other parts of the city.

Just as the procession turned into Benefit street, Colonel Abbott was presented with a handsome bouquet of Easter lilies by Miss Annie Root. The colonel received the bouquet with a smile of thanks, and proudly held it aloft that it might be seen by the whole regiment. That was the beginning of a shower of favors.

Down Benefit street to Waterman went the soldiers, and at every step they received a "warm" welcome. When the line reached Market square, the pent-up enthusiasm of the people broke loose and pandemonium seemed to reign.

Up Westminster street to the Cathedral the line went amid the applause and greeting of the thousands of people. When the head of the regiment reached Cathedral square, there was a repetition of what took place when the regiment went away. Thousands of people had congregated there to see the regiment pass in review. Governor Dyer and staff, Mayor Baker and the members of the city government, veterans of the late war and hundreds of the leading citizens of the state stood on the steps of the City hall and reviewed the line. As the line passed the governor, the proper salutes were given, and as the boys recognized the governor the whole line broke into hurrahs. The demonstration at this point was magnificent, in fact, it was beyond description.

The march continued to the Dexter training ground, where the final exercises of the day took place. The dress parade, the regimental review, and the final delivering of the colors to the state were memorable.

The regiment lost only 12 men by disease or accident during its 10 months' service.

BARONESS HIRSCH DEAD.

Paris, April 2.—Baroness Hirsch, widow of the late Baron Hirsch, the Hebrew philanthropist, is dead. The late baroness leaves several million pounds sterling, chiefly bequeathed to charities.

FLAG OF THE SHAMROCK.

London, April 2.—Sir Thomas Lipton has decided that the flag of the America's cup challenger Shamrock is to be a green sprig of shamrock on a gold ground with a green border.

GLORIOUS NEWS.

Games from Dr. D. B. Oargile, of Washita, L. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters, has cured Mrs. Braver of eczema, which had terrified her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face and the best doctors could give no help but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved. Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, Globe Greeny Co., Druggists. Guaranteed.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the medicine chest. Burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

NEW RESTAURANT.

87 Congress St.,

WITH LUNCH COUNTER ATTACHED.

MEALS SERVED ON EUROPEAN PLAN.

Steaks, Chops, Oysters, Salads

Fish of All Kinds,

Anything You Want in Cooked

to Order Line.

OPEN FROM 6 A. M. UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

ASK FOR MEAL TICKETS.

YOU WANT TO VISIT

DUNBAR & CURRIER'S

Introduction

The readers of this paper need no introduction to the

Frank Jones, Brewing Co.

or its products; when the

statement is made by this

reliable house that their

Victor

Bottled Ale

is second to none in existence

and they are ready to stand

behind the assertion, further

proof of quality is not a necessity.

Are you satisfied that 40

years of successful business

means anything? If so send

your next order to

Frank Jones Brewing Co.

Portsmouth, N. H.

or Newcomb's Bottling Co.,

Newfields, N. H.

and make assurance doubly

sure. A word to the wise

is sufficient.

Put up in 1-2 pints, 6 and 12

quarts.

P. S.—Remember the brand

"VICTOR"

for your next order.

OLIVER W. HAM

SUCCESSOR TO SAMUEL S. FLETCHER.

60 Market Street.

Furniture Dealer

—AND—

Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side

entrance, No. 2 Hanover Street

at residence, Cor. New Vaughn

Street and Baynes' Ave.

Telephone 59-2.

For a Stylish Kitchen

Go to

C. E. Dempsey's Stable

Deer Street,

Or call him by telephone 18-8

and he will send any team

you want to your door.

Choice Horses.

Well Equipped Carriages

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR

AND TURNING DONS

With increased facilities the cemetery

is again prepared to receive orders

for the removal of remains to the

city and rural cemeteries. The

quality of the work is of the highest

and the prices are reasonable. For

particulars apply to the undersigned

at the office of the cemetery.

Office of the Cemetery, 100

LOUBET'S HOME LIFE.

New President of France Is a Typical French Bourgeois.

His Wife Said to Be a Good Woman, Fond of Household Duties, Stout and Gray, and Speaking Very Bad French.

President Loubet is a typical French bourgeois, with a taste for the classics. He cultivates his mind incessantly, but has made little change in his mode of living. His table has often the old-fashioned garlicky-spiced dishes of the Meridional, whence he sprung, than the new-fangled Parisian confections. His guests of late have been more frequently academicians than politicians, and he has said since his election to the presidency:

"I am too fixed in my habits to change now. I shall be Emile Loubet at the Elysee, as I always have been. The dignity of the presidency cannot be enhanced by any adventitious aids."

Montelimar, in the Midi, takes the elevation of its late mayor to the highest position in the state with little enthusiasm. Frederic Denis, whose sister is Mme. Loubet, owns an ironmongery store in the little town, his father having come there as a tramp from Picardy, finding employment in a nail-smith's shop. Mme. Loubet grew up in this shop, where her father prospered, leaving a fortune of 300,000 francs to her brothers. This was long after she had married M. Loubet, who proposed for her when she was only 18. Frederic Denis, describing the new president, said:

"Emile Loubet was always up at six o'clock and retired punctually at 11. He is simply a good fellow, and an honest one. His father was a plain peasant, who lived by the sweat of his brow on the family farm, where Emile was born, at Marsanne, four miles from here. His mother lives there. Though 86 years old, she has a clear eye, and is a good walker. She still wants to do everything for herself."

"Emile has passed through every grade of civil authority from municipal



MME. LOUBET, (Wife of the President of the French Republic)

councillor to president. The only regret we have is we won't see him as often as formerly. I have no political ambitions. An ironmonger I am, an ironmonger I shall remain, and I have to work hard for my living.

"Emile must keep to the rules and order of the economy which have brought him to his high position, or he will soon be ruined. I doubt if he can spend much money in excess of his official income. He has a son and daughter. The former is his private secretary, the latter is Marguerite, aged 27, wife of M. Soubeiran de St. Pierre, a magistrate of Marseilles."

The president's mother, seen at her farm, exclaimed: "O, my poor Emile. As it was, I saw but little of him. Now that he has gone higher still I shall no longer see him at all."

She is a typical old peasant woman, with a sunburnt face of the texture of parchment, but with a fine expression within. A bright gleam in her eyes is noticeable, as also in her son's.

"You must be happy, madame."

Mme. Loubet raised her eyes to the sky with an expression denoting she is not so happy as might be imagined. Then she asked, did I know her husband? continuing: "He was bien brave homme. I have happiness thinking my son resembles him. I am well aware I shall no longer see Emile. It is like that in life. We bring up our children, and when they are grown up they cease to occupy themselves with us."

She was evidently worried, and every fresh attempt to get her to talk about Emile only produced fresh rhapsodies about her husband.

The president's wife is more retiring even than himself. She was content with his position as president of the senate, because it entailed no public parade, and they could live quiet as they liked. She has sent for her daughter from Marseilles to help her in taking up her new station. She is stout and gray haired, dresses richly but without an attempt to follow the fashion. She is motherly, with the soft manner of the south, speaking anything but the best French. Under her away Elysee palace will revert to the bourgeois style of Greys, which will be more appropriate than the nickel state affected by Felix Faure.

King Acts as Matchmaker.

Every Siamese girl who reaches a certain age without marriage is tickled and labeled and placed in a privileged class, under the special care of the king, who binds himself to find husbands for them all. His method is delightfully simple. A prisoner in any of the Siamese jails may gain his pardon and release by marrying one of the ineligible class. Whether he is already married or not is of no great consequence, for in Siam it is not necessary to draw the line of one wife.

WOMAN'S PROGRESS.

Dr. Marie J. Mergler Made Dean of the Northwestern University Woman's Medical School.

Dr. Marie J. Mergler, of Chicago, one of the foremost of the women physicians and surgeons of the country, has just been made dean of the Northwestern university woman's medical school. Mrs. Mergler is the first woman to hold that high position at Northwestern. She succeeds Dr. L. N. Danforth, who has been given the honorary title of dean emeritus in recognition of his long and eminent services to the school. Dr. Mergler has a wide professional reputation. She believes that in some branches of medical study the best results are not obtained in a coeducational



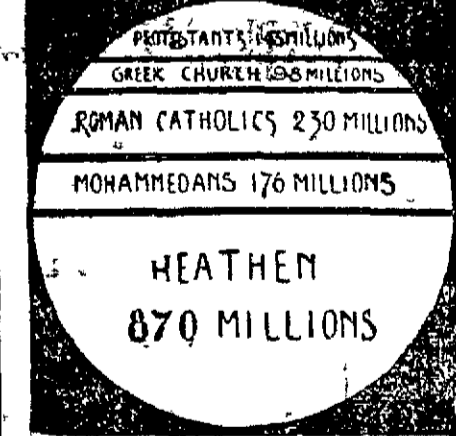
DR. MARIE J. MERGLER, (Dean of Northwestern University Woman's Medical School.)

school, and so it is better to have separate schools for men and women. In the faculty, however, she would have the ablest instructors, whichever their sex. Under the direction of the new dean the course will be changed from two semesters, from October to June, to four semesters of three months each. The new arrangement will be in operation in July, and each student will be required to attend three semesters of each year. The summer semester is instituted especially to give clinical work to students from smaller cities and vacation laboratory work to teachers. The attendance hereafter will be restricted to 100, who will be chosen from the candidates making the best showing in the competitive examination. Dr. Mergler is now professor of gynecology at Northwestern and at the postgraduate school, and is attending surgeon at the Woman's hospital. She received her medical education in the institution of which she is now dean, being graduated in 1879. The following year she took postgraduate work at the University of Zurich. On her return she was appointed a lecturer in the Woman's medical college. In 1882 she was on the attending staff of the Cook County hospital. For 12 years she has been a member of the attending staff of the Woman's hospital, and was on the staff of the Wesley hospital from 1886 to 1896. From 1895 to 1897 she was head physician and surgeon at Mary Thompson hospital.

RELIGIOUS FIGURES.

More Than Half the World's Population Has Never Heard the Gospel Preached.

It is a surprising fact that, at the end of the nineteenth century, a time when civilization has extended into hitherto unknown countries to a far greater extent than was dreamed of a century ago, more than half of the inhabitants of the world are heathens. According to the latest statistics, there are 143,000,000 Protestants, 98,000,000 followers of the Greek church, 230,000,000 Roman Catholics and 176,000,000 Mohammedans. The population of the world is said to be in the neighborhood of 1,300,000,000. Counting the adherents of the four great religions of the world, and allowing 53,000,000 for the thousand and one beliefs with comparatively small followings there is left a balance of 800,000,000 people who worship strange gods, or practice curious rites in lieu of religion; such people as are commonly called heathens; and for whose conversion thousands of dollars are collected each week among the churches of the civilized world.



RELIGIOUS CHART.

(It Shows That Half the World is Still Heathen)

Furthermore, the Signs of the Times has estimated that the average contribution of the members of the evangelical churches of the United States is less than one penny each, and of this 98 per cent is spent at home and only two per cent in the missionary field.

Ducks Thrive Without Water.

Ducks don't need water to thrive. There are many duck raising plants in this country where thousands of the fowl are bred each year for market, and where there is not even a puddle for them to founder in. One of these farms is credited with an output of 20,000 ducks a year.

HUMAN BLOODHOUND.

Amazing Power of Scent Possessed by Prevoste Paratole.

How He Ran Down the Kidnaper of a Young Girl and Made Him Confess His Crime—An Australian Wonder.

Prevoste Paratole, of Middle Texas, is a human bloodhound. His amazing power of scent, for a long time exhibited for the amusement of his friends, has been put to practical test, and resulted in running down the kidnaper of a young girl, says an exchange. He is an Australian by birth, and passed his youth among the bushmen of the interior of the continent, acquiring from them his wonderful nasal equipment, which, to look at, is not different from the nose of anyone else. Sallie Mayne, a neighbor of Paratole, disappeared. She had left a neighbor's house about sundown to go half a mile to her home. Forty or fifty persons, among whom was Paratole, began to search the whole woods the next morning, when it became known that Sallie had not returned. She had several admirers, including a young man named Shade and a rich old bachelor named Gadson. She had recently quarreled with Shade, who had seemed to be her favorite. Shade did not join in the search, though Gadson did. This helped to throw suspicion on the young man, and no one thought ill of the rich bachelor. Paratole, with his nose close to the ground, followed the path that the girl was supposed to have taken. He stopped suddenly in the woods and began to smell of the bushes. "It occurred right here," I smell Shade!" exclaimed Paratole. "Where is he? He had something to do with this business." "Oh, we shall find him!" shouted Gadson and a dozen others, and they set out to arrest Shade. Paratole kept smelling of the bushes, and finally turned aside from the path and went into the woods. "Coolie! Coolie!" (the cry of the Australian bushmen) he shouted. "I don't



ON THE SCENT.

smell Mr. Shade any more. I smell another man—can't quite make him out." Away they went through the woods for a mile or more, until they came to the shores of Polloy's lake. While searching along the banks and peering into the water, fearful that they might find the dead body of the girl, another crowd came up with Shade. The young man was nearly scared to death. He admitted having met Sallie in the path and said that they had a long talk and had made it up.

"I believe every word he says," said Paratole. "He met Sallie, but some one else brought her out here." They were standing on a little cape that extended into the water 50 or 60 feet. A great ledge of overhanging rock protruded far out. The man with the bloodhound nose kept smelling at the bushes and the rock.

"That girl was here not many hours ago," he said, "and I believe that, dead or alive, she is not far away right now." At that instant he happened to pass near Gadson, and, sniffing the air like an animal, he sprang at the man's throat with fury.

"A rope; a knife!" he roared. "Bring me a knife! He knows where she is!" Gadson's friends at once rallied around him and resented the accusation.

"Stand back!" snarled the Australian. "He knows. Produce the girl!" he shouted, "or I'll tear your heart out!" Gadson fell on his knees and pointed to the ledge of rock that jutted out over the water. A dozen men crept down the ledge, and there they found Sallie, bound and gagged. When released she confirmed Shade's story, and told how, a few moments after she left him, she met Gadson, who had a gun on his shoulder.

"He threatened to shoot me dead," she said, "and made me go off into the woods, and brought me to this place, where he bound and gagged me, and then told me to be still and he would come for me in a boat during the night, and carry me off to old Mexico." And then the girl threw her arms about Paratole's neck and kissed his wonderful nose. Gadson escaped by the skin of his teeth.

Paratole says he does not remember when he learned that he could scent and trail an animal, like his little playmates.

Rats a Cure for Baldness.

Now, it has been discovered that rats may be useful to man as a cure for baldness. This is on the authority of the British Medical Journal, which prints a letter from a Chinese doctor, who offers to prevent hair from falling out. He says: "What a carrot is to a horse's coat a rat is to the human hair. Every fact can be explained, but every horse man knows that a regimen of carrots will make his stud smooth and lustrous as velvet, and the Chinese, especially the women, know that rats used as food stop the falling out of hair and make the locks soft, silky and beautiful. I have seen it tried many times."

FROZEN BACK TO LIFE.

Man Apparently Dead Fetched to Snow and Restored to a Conscious Hospital.

Dr. John B. Bellinger told the Hartford Medical society how he had raised a man from the dead by burying him in snow.

The patient was Charles F. Robertson, of 25 Buckingham street, who had been ill for weeks from pneumonia. When he was beginning to recover his second lung became affected and the relapse appeared to have a fatal ending Friday morning. Apparently he had passed through the last stages of the disease.

His ravings had ceased, his temperature was 107, his pulse had begun to



MADE A BED OF SNOW.

weaken, his breath came in short gasps and every evidence of the end was at hand. At nine o'clock the last test to show life, that of the reflex action of the eyeball, had failed, and the nurse informed the doctor that the man was practically dead. The family took the fact for granted and preparations were started to quickly remove the lifeless body.

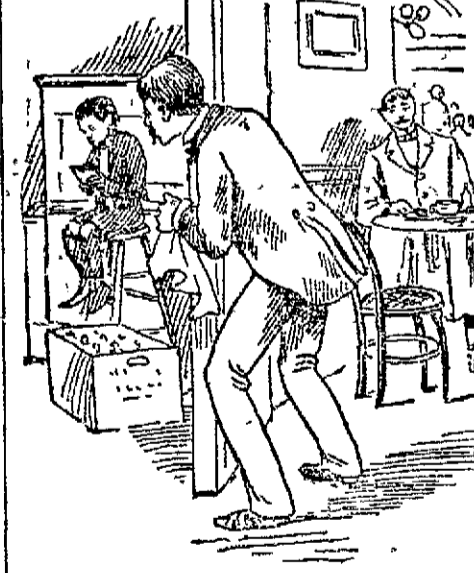
To the doctor there was one desperate hope left. Placing a rubber blanket under the man, he caused snow to be brought in and made into a bed, on which he laid the patient, stripped naked. Not a quiver of an eyelid, not a single gasp, came as he was laid in the frigid mass. More, snow was brought. It covered his arms, his legs and his body. Everywhere the mass was packed tightly around him. The order was "keep him there till his temperature was down to 101 degrees." For 45 minutes the man lay in the snow with no signs of returning life. In fact, everyone believed him dead. At the end of that time the doctor had the snow taken away, and again tried the reflex action test. As he put his finger on the eye the lid quivered, and a minute later the first flickering pulse sent a thrill through those who were anxiously waiting.

Then came another surprise. The doctor, a man of experience, suddenly struck the insensible man a blow on the face. The eyes opened. "Who am I?" asked the physician. "Hello, doctor," said the patient. Mr. Robertson is still ill, but the crisis is past and he is on the road to recovery.

ILLUSION DISPELLED.

How a Chicago Lover of Rag-Time Music Was Deceived by a Mechanical Contrivance.

One Chicago musical man has a joke on himself which his friends will not allow him to enjoy in secret. He is, says the Chicago News, a devotee of "rag-time" melody, and one day he found a downtown restaurant where such music was dispensed from a piano along with the meals. It was good



AN ILLUSION DISPELLED.

music and the player was evidently an accomplished musician. A low partition barely screened the player and performer from view, but the music was all right, and so the "rag-time" fancier began to frequent the restaurant solely on account of the melody, which was played, as he expressed it to his friends when evading over his find, "with a simply marvelous technique."

One day he coaxed some friends in to hear it, and as they were eating in rapt enjoyment the piano played a new tune so very novel and "catchy" that the man left the table to find the pianist and get the name of the selection. He came back solemn and silent and so uncommunicative that one of the party investigated for himself and returned with the information that the instrument was a mechanical piano and the performer a small boy who read dime novels between the changes of tunes.

Hot Fight Over Corn Dog.

A recent suit brought to recover a Kentucky corn dog occupied the attention for an entire day of a special judge, six attorneys, the plaintiff and defendant, two Baptist preachers on the jury and a room full of witnesses. The dog was asleep under the table to the envy of the sheriff.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Story That Proves Anew That Honesty Is the Best Policy.

If You Haven't Any Honesty in Your Own Makeup, Do Like Mr. Robbs and Hire It for Three Dollars Per Week.

Once upon a time there was a man who ran a store. His name was Mr. Robbs. He thought he knew all about the store business. He was the kind of man who considered it an excuse to joke to work off packed eggs and frost-bitten potatoes. It was his habit to take the book in which the easy man kept his account and write a few stray charges here and there to see whether they would be noticed or not. They were never noticed and the wicked grocer said it served him right for not paying cash and tending to business closer. He had recently hired a new boy, a boy from the country, with large, innocent blue eyes and freckles. The proprietor found it necessary to go out of town. There was nobody to leave in charge of the store except the new boy. While he was away the blizzard stopped the trains and the boy had the entire responsibility of the shop for a week.

The rival grocers of the neighborhood, says the Washington Star, proceeded to take advantage of the snow-bound condition of the city. They put up the price of everything in a way that made customers turn pale. But they had to have the groceries. The new boy continued to sell at the old figure. He didn't know any better. He argued that the stock had been bought with a certain profit in prospect, and that it would hold in plenty of time for him to replenish it and continue business with the usual percentage of gain. The rival grocers laughed sardonically when they saw how he was managing affairs. They said he would catch it when the boss came home, which was perfectly correct. When the train which had been snowed up finally brought the wicked



HONESTY REAPS ITS REWARD.

grocer home he found that all the meat and vegetables had been sold. Likewise all the canned corn and sardines and salt herring.

"We have been doing a rushing business," said the boy.

The grocer was wild with indignation. He would have discharged the new boy then and there. But he was getting only three dollars a week, and it would not have been worth while. He was surprised to find that his business for the next week and the week after was very much greater than it had ever been before. It kept up steadily, and it became evident that if his prosperity continued he would have to enlarge the place. He was at a loss to understand the increase until he overheard a conversation between two householders.

"Where do you buy your groceries?" said one.

"Of Robbs."

"That's right. Everybody deals there now. He was the only one I know of who was too conscientious to take advantage of the snowstorm and double his prices. I commend him to everybody. The community is fortunate to have a man like him, and I hope he will get rich, because he is the kind of man who would make good use of his money."

The grocer has been thinking seriously of raising the new boy's wages to \$3.50.

Honesty is the best policy. It pays a man to have it around even if he has to hire it.

Wonderful Diving Feat.

The greatest diving feat ever achieved was in moving the cargo of the ship Cape Horn, wrecked off the coast of South America, when a diver named Hooper made seven descents to a depth of over 200 feet, remaining at one time 43 minutes under the water. An authority states that the greatest depth to which a man has been known to descend does not exceed 220 feet, which is equivalent to a pressure of 83½ pounds to the square inch.

Fels Are Hard to Kill.

Fels are remarkably tenacious of life. As an instance of this, a naturalist mentions an eel which lived in his family for 40 years. It was kept in an earthenware jar, in which it had to lie coiled up. Its water tank being changed twice a week. It was fed, but only in summer, with bits of meat. In winter, on two occasions, it was completely frozen up.

A City of Methuselahs.

While Trenchtown, N. J., has a population of but 1,050, there are in the number 14 persons whose ages aggregate 1,185 years—an average of nearly 85 years. "Seven of these aged people are men and seven are women," an exchange says. "Their ages range from 90 to 96 years. If there is any little town that can beat that for longevity we would like to know it."

A Deadly Danger.



It is a deadly danger to have a snake in the house. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the happiness of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the health of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the life of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the property of the family. A snake is a deadly danger to the peace of the family

SHIRT WAISTS

ARE NOW READY.

PIQUE, PERCALE, GINGHAM
AND CALICO.

Prices, 50 Cents to \$3.00.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,
7 Market Street.

W. E. Paul

Sanitary Plumber,

Heating Engineer

and Contractor.

WINDMILLS AND PIPING.

SOLE AGENT FOR

MAGEE

Boston Heater Furnace

MAGEE

Grand Ranges and Stoves.

KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS.

TELEPHONE 55-5.

39 to 45 Market Street.

The Orient Chainless

Two chainless models have been added to the Orient line for 1899, using the bevel gear construction in one and the Sager gear construction in the other. Same style of frame for both, the gears being interchangeable.

If you are thinking of getting a chainless this year it might pay you to look up the Orient.

PHILBRICK'S BICYCLE STORE.

FRANKLIN BLOCK,
Portsmouth, N. H.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Islington Street..... \$10,000
Union Street..... 7,000
Middle Street..... 2,000
Vaughan Street..... 6,000
Middle Street..... 6,000
Rhebarrow Road..... 4,500
Richard Avenue..... 3,500
State Street..... 3,300
State Street..... 3,300
Daniel Street..... 3,000
Bridge Street..... 2,500
Tanner Street..... 2,200
Madison Street..... 2,000
Mt. Vernon Street..... 1,700
Westworth Street..... 1,700
Hawthorn Street..... 1,700
Jefferson Street..... 1,800
Warren Street..... 1,600
School Street..... 1,400
Dearborn Street..... 1,400
Water Street..... 1,200
Clark Street..... 1,100
Clinton Street..... 1,000
and many others in Newcastle, Kittery, Greenland, etc.
FARMS in large variety. House Lots all sizes and prices.

Tobey's Real Estate Agency,
32 Congress Street.

WE HAVE CANDY

At All Prices From
10 Cents a Pound Up.

Call and See Our Stock.
RALPH GREEN,
30 Congress Street.

THE HERALD

MONDAY, APRIL 3, 1899.



"Arriet"—"I don't believe 'alf them cusions is real."—Punch.

Just For a Smile.

Drummer—A prolonged conflict is a very serious thing.
Landlord Pettyville Tavern—Yes sire! If this war goes on much longer every dry goods box in town will be whittled up.

Lady Visitor in Camp—And how did you win your shoulder straps, colonel?
Handsome Officer—By exercising wise judgment and cool daring in picking out my father.

Hiram—Hurry up, Mandy, an' git away from this building.

Mandy—What's your hurry, Hi?

Hiram (chuckling)—The fellow in the elevator forgot to collect our fares.

Farmer Dunk—What do ye think of Neighbor Pettibunker?

Farmer Hornbeak—Well, he hides his light under a bushel when in my opinion a tea cup would be plenty big enough.

"Say, pa," asked the little son of a railway conductor, "what's an ex-chucker?"

"An ex-checker!" exclaimed the ticket puncher. "Why, that must be a retired baggage-man."

"What a horrible duet those two graduates are playing."

"That's all right; one is playing 'Dixie' and the other 'Yankee Doodle.'"

"That politician is a 'has been' isn't he?" remarked the observer.

"No," replied the captions friend, "he isn't even that. He's merely a 'used-to-think-he-was.'"

"I've cured my husband's insomnia."

"How did you do it?"

"Pretended I was sick, and the doctor left medicine which Henry would give me every half hour all night long."

Marine (saluting)—Commodore, the captain sends word that we are in peril of being hit by Spanish shells.

Commodore—Impossible.

Marine—Yes, sir; impossible while they are aimed at us, but the sensors have become rattled and are firing at random, sir.

Metallic.

"Did you know there was gold in sea water?" asked the man who likes to read collections of queer facts.

"No," replied his busy friend. "But if Spain had a few more ships we'd make it taste pretty strongly of iron rust."

Colonel.

Mr. Ferry—You say this second-hand chair is in the Colonial style?

Mrs. Ferry—Correct.

"Well, it seems to be pretty well colonized."

Going on the Stage.

Miss Edna Whitney, the young woman who works in a cigar factory, and whom Kansas City rejected as maid of honor at the fall carnival, is going on the stage. She will study for her new profession in Kansas City.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

It will take two years to rebuild the Raleigh.

Commander J. K. Cogswell, U. S. N., was a visitor to the yard on Saturday.

The contractors have drilled a distance of forty feet near the present dry dock.

A number of thousand of dollars will be spent on the Piscataqua as soon as the Potomac is completed.

The sending of the Raleigh to this yard would mean the starting up of the new steel plant in full force.

The Norfolk papers say that Paymaster Rand is to be the new chief of the bureau of supplies and accounts.

Naval Constructor J. G. Tawresay, U. S. N., has returned from Pittsburg and Washington where he was on official business.

Four anchors were shipped from the yard on Saturday on one of the Piscataqua Navigation company's barges to the Boston yard.

"TO ERR IS HUMAN."

People like to talk about attractive things in advertising. In a company recently the proverb above quoted, and which appeared at the head of one of a well constructed series of advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, was so much discussed that we doubt if any one there will ever forget the source whence it came. Messrs. Hood & Co., are using these proverb advertisements on a very broad scale, and they are attracting discussion and favorable comment everywhere.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

The York Steam Laundry which is represented by Harry W. Chick in this city is making an excellent business hit. Fred W. Emery who is the father of the steam laundry in Portsmouth is the proprietor.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

The York Steam Laundry which is represented by Harry W. Chick in this city is making an excellent business hit. Fred W. Emery who is the father of the steam laundry in Portsmouth is the proprietor.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

The York Steam Laundry which is represented by Harry W. Chick in this city is making an excellent business hit. Fred W. Emery who is the father of the steam laundry in Portsmouth is the proprietor.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

NAVAL HERO DEAD.

Rear Admiral C. C. Carpenter Dies
Suddenly at Roxbury, Mass.

AN OFFICER WHO HAD SEEN MANY YEARS OF
SERVICE, RISING TO HIGHEST RANK.

Had Been In Poor Health For Past
Three Years.

The community will be shocked to learn of the sudden and unexpected death of Rear Admiral C. C. Carpenter U. S. N., retired, which occurred at Roxbury, Mass., sometime during Saturday night.

He left this city several weeks ago for his health and was under treatment at a hospital there.

It was well-known to many of his intimate friends that he had been suffering for a number of years and his death was due to the disease which had been undermining his health for so long a time.

Full particulars of his death have not as yet been received in this city but members of the family left on Sunday to bring his remains here.

Rear Admiral Charles C. Carpenter was born in Leyden, Franklin county, Massachusetts, Feb. 27th, 1834. Appointed midshipman from Massachusetts, October 1, 1850; attached to sloop "Portsmouth," Pacific squadron, 1851-55; Naval Academy 1855-56. Promoted to passed midshipman, June 20, 1856; steam-frigate "Merrimac," "Rosa," "Colorado," and "brig Dolphin," home squadron and special service, 1856-58, the last named capturing slave-ship "Echo," with 300 slaves on board; in receiving-ship at Boston, 68-69.

Commissioned as lieutenant, January 23, 1858; steamer "Mohawk," coast of Cuba 1859-60; capturing slave "Wildfire," with 500 slaves on board; steamer "Mohawk," Texas and East Gulf blockade, 1861; steamer "Flag," South Atlantic blockade, 1862; capturing steamers "Anglia" and "Emily." Commissioned as lieutenant-commander, July 16, 1862; Iron-clad "Catskill," South Atlantic blockading squadron, 1863; attacks on defenses of Charleston, April 7, July 10, and August 17, 1863; Naval Academy, 1865-66; steam-sloop "Hartford," flagship Asiatic squadron, 1866-67; commanding steamer "Wyoming," same squadron, 1868; navy-yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1868-70.

Commissioned as commander, March, 1869; navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1871; commanding "Nantasket" (third rate), North Atlantic station, 1871-72; equipment duty, Portsmouth, N. H., 1872-73; commanding "Huron" (third rate), North Atlantic station, 1875-76; navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1878; torpedo station 1878; navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1879-80.

Commissioned as captain, March 25, 1880; on equipment duty, Boston yard, 1880-82; commanding U. S. steamer "Hartford," 1882-84; carried the English and American scientists from Callao to Caroline Atoll, to observe the total eclipse of the sun, in 1883; commanding U. S. receiving ship Wabash, 1888; navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., June 2, 1890, as captain of the navy yard; commandant, same station, Sept. 13, 1890, relieving Commodore Joseph Skerrett. Commissioned commodore, May 17, 1893, at this navy yard, and rear admiral, November 11, 1894.

He was in command of the Asiatic squadron during the Japanese and Chinese war where he rendered valuable service to this government, being highly commended in his actions during that period. He retired from active duty February 26, 1896, after seventeen years and seven months of sea duty and eighteen years and eight months of shore duty. During the Spanish war he was called into active service again as commandant of the Portsmouth navy yard.

A citizen of Portsmouth by adoption, it is unnecessary to tell of the esteem in which he was held by all who knew him. He was an ideal official and was well liked and popular with all officers and men under him while in command of ship or station.

Besides a widow he leaves four sons: Harry, in Chicago; Carroll, employed at Cramps' ship yard, Philadelphia; Dudley, passed assistant surgeon, U. S. N., now on the Olympia at Manila; and Reginald, of this city, and three daughters: Mrs. Shipley, wife of Lieut. John Shipley, U. S. N.; Mrs. Fred Sisco, and Miss Josephine, of this city.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

POPULAR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

CITY BRIEFS.

Easter day was bright and clear. Church attendance was large yesterday.

Foresters' concert and ball this evening. Social events will now be numerous again.

All the divines preached to large congregations on Sunday.

The U. S. Cruiser Raleigh is expected to reach New York April 15.

It was just a little too cold on Sunday to display the light Easter styles.

Crowds of people visited the big power plant of the electric road on Sunday.

The Methodist ladies cleared about fifty dollars from their Easter sale and entertainment.

The "S. G." London is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

Boston and Maine stockholders have received checks for the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent.

One local florist and two assistants had to work all night Saturday, preparing flowers ordered for delivery.

Have your shoes repaired by John W. Mott, 34 Congress street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hand sewed work a specialty.

The ladies of Star Lodge, I. O. of U. O. L., will hold one of their whist parties at Peirce hall on Wednesday next.

The eleventh annual concert and ball of Court Rookingham, F. of A., this evening will be largely attended by parties from near-by cities.

Toomey & Welch, liquor dealers, of Boston, are petitioned into involuntary bankruptcy at the instance of the Portsmouth Brewing company of this city.

A Hampton correspondent of the Boston Herald says there is little or no foundation for the rumor that Rev. Mr. Bradford is to be appointed chief of police of that town.

Ward Clerk Thomas A. Moran of Ward three has drawn the following petit jurors for the April term of the supreme court: Freeman H. Fevery and Willis G. Mason.

Arrived Sunday, barge Tunnel Ridge, Brown, from Philadelphia with 1502 tons coal; also schooner Dreadnaught, Mitchell, from Newport News with 770 tons coal. Both for J. A. and A. W. Walker.

On Thursday next the Globe Grocery company will have an opening of Ladies' spring suits, coats and skirts, all the very latest New York style, and sample garments. It will pay you to wait and see them.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Lorisa Williams.

Mrs. Lorisa Williams, a most estimable lady, died at the home of her son-in-law, William H. Pettigrew, No. 2 Spring street, on Saturday, aged ninety-two years and four months. Two sons and two daughters survive.

William B. Colley.

William B. Colley, for many years engaged in the painting and paper hanging business in this city, and at one time foreman painter at the navy yard, died at his residence on Austin street on Sunday, aged eighty years and four months. He leaves two sons, George, a resident of Salem, and Frank, a resident of Boston.

Mary S. Lamprey.

Mary S., widow of the late John S. Lamprey, died at the home of her son, George Lamprey, at North Hampton, on Sunday, aged eighty-two years. Deceased was a highly respected lady and will be greatly missed. She leaves five sons and one daughter.

AT MOORCROFTS.

Moorcrofts' show window continues to attract the attention of all the fair shoppers who pass up and down Congress street. A glance at it justifies them in believing that it will be to their decided advantage for them to go inside and look over the elaborate Easter stock there; so they do go in, in such numbers that the dainty store has seen few idle moments since last Friday. The Moorcrofts offerings in hats embrace a very wide range and particularly, indeed, is the woman who cannot find something to her taste among them.

STILL A MYSTERY.

Special Officer Robert E. Hodgkins, who was shot in the arm by an unknown man in the Boston and Maine freight yard on Friday evening, is getting along nicely and unless something new sets in, will soon be on duty again. The police made a careful search of the locality where the shooting took place, but failed to find any clue to the fellow who fired the shot. In all probability the man will never be found out and the shooting will always remain a mystery.

STILL A MYSTERY.

STILL A MYSTERY.

STILL A MYSTERY.

STILL A MYSTERY.

STILL A MYSTERY.

STILL A MYSTERY.

STILL A MYSTERY.

PERSONALS.

G. Fred Drew went to Boston Sunday afternoon.

Mr. James Jarvis was in Boston on Sunday.

George Young was visiting friends at Kittery Point on Sunday.

H. B. Dow passed part of Easter with his parents in Newington.

Charles Hartford of Manchester is visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. William K. Bill is visiting her daughter at her school in New York.

Mr. George O'Neil of Dover was the guest of Col. F. L. Keyes on Sunday.

C. S. Gurney left on a business trip to New York and Boston on Sunday.

Willard Howe of Haverhill was the guest of friends in town over Sunday.

Lawyer J. H. Bartlett was called to Boston on Sunday on legal business.

William Emery of Tilton Seminary has been passing several days in this city.

A. B. Winkley, the well-known cycle racer, was a visitor in town over Sunday.

Henry Murch has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be out of doors.

Police Officer Shannon, who has been quite ill for several weeks, is greatly improved.

Col. Michael Crowley of the Boston Law school was a visitor in town on Sunday.

Miss Mae Lydston returned home on Sunday evening, from a visit with friends in Boston.

Ex-Submaster Palmer of the High school was in town on Sunday on his way to New York.

The many friends of Miss Edith Brewer will regret to hear of her continued ill health.

Former Superintendent of Schools J. Clifford Simpson, now located in Boston, spent Sunday in town.

Arthur Rand of New York city spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Rand, State street.

Dr. William H. Lyons was the guest of his brother, Rev. Father Lyons, in Manchester, Easter Sunday.

Miss Margery Morrill of North Berwick, Me., is the guest of her aunt, Miss H. M. Bicker, High street.

Fred Underhill of Concord, formerly clerk in the American Express company in this city, spent Sunday in town.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Niles administered the rite of confirmation to a large class at St. Thomas' church, Dover, on Easter Sunday.

Mr. Alexander Bilbruck goes to Exeter today to take charge as musical director of an opera to be given there entitled "The Toy Shop."

Byron F. Staples, of the Boston Dental college, arrived home on Saturday to pass the spring vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Staples, Middle street.

General and Mrs. S. H. Gale, who are to spend the late spring and summer at Little Bear's Head, will take the cottage in recent years occupied by the Hon. Robert T. Lincoln.

Mr. Lindley G. Palmer, formerly submaster at the High school here, is now representing the educational department of Charles Scribner's Sons, publishers, in New England.

Fred M. Sise went to Roxbury, Mass., this morning to make arrangements for the removal of the late Rear Admiral Carpenter's body to this city. The funeral will probably not be held before Wednesday.

Mr. Cedric Loughton is expected home this week from Florida. The following party, which was in the employ of his hotel, will return with him: Miss Kittie Sweetser, Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Caswell, Willie Allen, Earnest Twist and Miss Bertha Chadwick.

ACCIDENTS.

Ex Alderman George Scott had his right foot badly jammed at the Portsmouth brewery on Saturday afternoon and will be laid up a few days as a result of the accident.

A young son of Edward Parker of Hooking street fractured his arm while at play on Saturday morning. This is the third time the youngster has met with a similar accident.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Today, and every day next week, our advertised agents, the Globe Grocery Co., will sell you a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, "The Best Salve in the World," and guarantee it to cure Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or money refunded.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO.,
Chicago, Ill.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

IT MADE A HIT.

The Easter number of the New Hampshire Gazette went straight to the mark of popularity. The unusually large edition proved none too great to supply the demands upon it. Regular subscribers of the weekly bought hundreds of extra copies to send away to friends and relatives all over the country.

Even the street sales were surprising. The newsboys say that this special issue was "a good thing," and they took up nickels by the handful. The fact 1156 copies were mailed into York county, Me., indicates what a hit the Gazette made in the country around Portsmouth.

"Things Ill Gotten Are Ill Spent."

This is true of the man whose physical condition has forced him to call upon his nerves to make good the depletion of the rest of his system. The overdrawn business man is overdrawn because he lacks proper capital. The capital of the physical man is pure, wholesome, life-giving blood.

Make this capital for yourself and do not overdraw. The best blood-giving banker is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It lends and gives interest, too. You cannot beat that. If your physical bank account is low, see what this banker will do for you. It never disappoints.

Rheumatism.—A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla entirely cured my suffering from rheumatism. Later on it stopped dyspepsia from which I suffered intensely. I can eat anything now." Wm. A. BUCKLEY, 544 Summer St., East Boston, Mass.

Scrofula.—When three months old our baby Roy was covered with itching and burning scrofula sores. The best physicians failed to relieve. Hood's Sarsaparilla saved his life as it made a permanent cure." Mrs. LILLIE M. FISH, East Springfield, Mich.

Stomach Trouble.—Two years suffering with stomach trouble made me weak, run down, with severe headaches. Life was a burden to me until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me. It makes my children strong and healthy." Mrs. M. BACH, 611 2d St., N. E., Minneapolis, Minn.

Indigestion.—"I now have a good appetite, eat well, sleep well and my dyspepsia and indigestion have left me. The reason is I took Hood's Sarsaparilla which entirely cured me. I am Baggage Master on the N. & O. Railroad." THOMAS COLLE, 119 Carr St., Sandusky, Ohio.

Blood Poison.—"At 12 I had bone disease and used crutches. Doctor prescribed and wanted to scrape it. My grandfather gave me Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking four bottles I threw away crutches, am well and go to school." CHARLES CAMPBELL, 1818 Ontario Ave., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

G. E. PENDER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office—13 Pleasant St., Exchange Building</